

Control & Coordination



Topic Tree for "Control and Coordination"

1. Introduction to Control and Coordination

- Importance of control and coordination in living organisms
- Systems providing control and coordination: Nervous system and hormonal system
- Overview of the chapter

2. Control and Coordination in Animals

- **Nervous System**
 - Structure and function of neurons
 - Mechanism of nerve impulse transmission
 - Synapse and neuromuscular junction
- **Central Nervous System**
 - Structure and function of the brain
 - Regions of the brain: Fore-brain, mid-brain, hind-brain
 - Role of spinal cord
- **Peripheral Nervous System**
 - Cranial and spinal nerves
- **Reflex Action**
 - Mechanism of reflex arc
 - Examples of reflex actions
- **Voluntary and Involuntary Actions**
 - Difference between voluntary and involuntary actions
- **Hormonal System**
 - Endocrine glands and hormones
 - Mechanism of hormone action
 - Feedback mechanisms in hormone regulation

3. Control and Coordination in Plants

- **Plant Movements**
 - Tropic movements: Phototropism, geotropism, hydrotropism, chemotropism
 - Nastic movements: Thigmonasty, seismonasty
- **Plant Hormones**
 - Types of plant hormones: Auxins, gibberellins, cytokinins, abscisic acid, ethylene
 - Role of hormones in plant growth and development
 - Mechanisms of hormone action in plants

4. Comparative Study of Control and Coordination in Animals and Plants

- Differences in control and coordination mechanisms between animals and plants
- Importance of nervous system in animals and hormonal control in plants

5. Applications and Examples

- Examples of control and coordination in daily life
- Case studies and practical applications in biology and medicine

6. Exercises and Activities

- Questions and exercises based on the chapter
- Activities to demonstrate principles of control and coordination

