

Basic Chemistry Concepts



Problems Based on Conversion Between Empirical Formula and Molecular Formula

Problem 1

The empirical formula of a compound is CH_2 . Its molar mass is 56 g/mol. Determine the molecular formula of the compound.

Problem 2

A compound has an empirical formula of NO_2 and a molar mass of 92 g/mol. Calculate the molecular formula.

Problem 3

The empirical formula of a compound is CH and its molar mass is 78 g/mol. Find the molecular formula of the compound.

Problem 4

A compound has an empirical formula of $\text{C}_2\text{H}_5\text{O}$ and a molar mass of 90 g/mol. Determine the molecular formula.

Problem 5

A compound has an empirical formula of $\text{C}_3\text{H}_4\text{O}_3$. The molar mass of the compound is 176 g/mol. Calculate the molecular formula.

Problem 6

The empirical formula of a compound is P_2O_5 and its molar mass is 283.89 g/mol. Determine the molecular formula.

Answer Key

Problem 1

Empirical Formula: CH_2

- Empirical formula mass: $12.01 (\text{C}) + 2 \times 1.008 (\text{H}) = 14.026 \text{ g/mol}$
- Molecular formula mass: 56 g/mol
- Factor = Molecular formula mass / Empirical formula mass

$$\text{Factor} = \frac{56}{14.026} \approx 4$$

- Molecular formula: $(\text{CH}_2)_4 = \text{C}_4\text{H}_8$

Problem 2

Empirical Formula: NO_2

- Empirical formula mass: $14.01 (\text{N}) + 2 \times 16.00 (\text{O}) = 46.01 \text{ g/mol}$
- Molecular formula mass: 92 g/mol
- Factor = Molecular formula mass / Empirical formula mass

$$\text{Factor} = \frac{92}{46.01} \approx 2$$

- Molecular formula: $(\text{NO}_2)_2 = \text{N}_2\text{O}_4$

Problem 3

Empirical Formula: CH

- Empirical formula mass: $12.01 (\text{C}) + 1.008 (\text{H}) = 13.018 \text{ g/mol}$
- Molecular formula mass: 78 g/mol
- Factor = Molecular formula mass / Empirical formula mass

$$\text{Factor} = \frac{78}{13.018} \approx 6$$

- Molecular formula: $(\text{CH})_6 = \text{C}_6\text{H}_6$

Problem 4

Empirical Formula: $\text{C}_2\text{H}_5\text{O}$

- Empirical formula mass: $2 \times 12.01 (\text{C}) + 5 \times 1.008 (\text{H}) + 16.00 (\text{O}) = 45.068 \text{ g/mol}$
- Molecular formula mass: 90 g/mol
- Factor = Molecular formula mass / Empirical formula mass

$$\text{Factor} = \frac{90}{45.068} \approx 2$$

- Molecular formula: $(\text{C}_2\text{H}_5\text{O})_2 = \text{C}_4\text{H}_{10}\text{O}_2$

Problem 5

Empirical Formula: $\text{C}_3\text{H}_4\text{O}_3$

- Empirical formula mass: $3 \times 12.01 (\text{C}) + 4 \times 1.008 (\text{H}) + 3 \times 16.00 (\text{O}) = 88.056 \text{ g/mol}$
- Molecular formula mass: 176 g/mol
- Factor = Molecular formula mass / Empirical formula mass

$$\text{Factor} = \frac{176}{88.056} \approx 2$$

- Molecular formula: $(C_3H_4O_3)_2 = C_6H_8O_6$

Problem 6

Empirical Formula: P_2O_5

- Empirical formula mass: $2 \times 30.97 \text{ (P)} + 5 \times 16.00 \text{ (O)} = 141.94 \text{ g/mol}$
- Molecular formula mass: 283.89 g/mol
- Factor = Molecular formula mass / Empirical formula mass

$$\text{Factor} = \frac{283.89}{141.94} \approx 2$$

- Molecular formula: $(P_2O_5)_2 = P_4O_{10}$