



## MATRICES UNIT TEST

### Class 12 - Mathematics

**Time Allowed: 1 hour**

**Maximum Marks: 25**

1. If  $A = [a_{ij}]$  is a scalar matrix of order  $n \times n$  such that  $a_{ij} = k$  for all  $i$ , then trace of  $A$  is equal to [1]
  - a)  $nk$
  - b)  $\frac{n}{k}$
  - c)  $n - k$
  - d)  $n + k$
2. If a matrix has 18 elements, then the number of its possible order is [1]
  - a) 6
  - b) 2
  - c) 4
  - d) 8
3. If a matrix has 36 elements, the number of possible orders it can have, is: [1]
  - a) 13
  - b) 9
  - c) 3
  - d) 5
4. The number of all possible matrices of order  $2 \times 3$  with each entry 1 or 2 is [1]
  - a) 16
  - b) 6
  - c) 24
  - d) 64
5. Match the column: [2]

(a) The matrix equation is $[x \ 1] = [2 \ 1]$ , then the value of $x =$	(i) 3
(b) If $\begin{bmatrix} x - y & z \\ 2x - y & w \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 4 \\ 0 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$ the value of $x + y =$	(ii) $\frac{7}{2}$
(c) The element $a_{ij}$ of a $3 \times 3$ matrix are given as $a_{ij} = \frac{1}{2}   -3i + j  $ , the value of element $a_{32} =$	(iii) 4
(d) If $[2x \ 4] \begin{bmatrix} x \\ -8 \end{bmatrix} = 0$ , the positive value of $x =$	(iv) 2

6. Write the element  $a_{12}$  of the matrix  $A = [a_{ij}]_{2 \times 2}$ , whose element  $a_{ij}$  are given by  $a_{ij} = e^{2ix} \sin jx$ . [1]
7. Consider the following information regarding the number of men and women workers in three factories I, II and III [1]

	Men workers	Women workers
I	30	25
II	25	31
III	27	26

Represent the above information in the form of a  $3 \times 2$  matrix. What does the entry in the third row and second column represent?

8. Find the order of the matrix A such that 
$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & -1 \\ 1 & 0 \\ -3 & 4 \end{bmatrix} A = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & -8 \\ 1 & -2 \\ 9 & 22 \end{bmatrix}.$$
 [1]

9. If a matrix has 24 elements, what are possible orders it can have? What, if it has 13 elements? [1]

10. Match the column: [2]

(a) A matrix of order $m \times n$ , such that $m = n$ , is called	(i) Scalar Matrix
(b) In a square matrix, if all the elements except those in the leading diagonals are zero i.e., $a_{ij} = 0$ for $i \neq j$	(ii) Unit/Identity Matrix
(c) A square matrix in which every non-diagonal element is zero and all diagonal elements are equal is called	(iii) Square Matrix
(d) A square matrix, in which every non-diagonal element is zero and every diagonal element is 1, is called,	(iv) Diagonal Matrix

11. Match the column: [2]

(a) A matrix having only one row and any number of columns is called a	(i) Rectangular Matrix
(b) A matrix having only one column and any number of rows is called a	(ii) Row Matrix
(c) A matrix of order $m \times n$ , such that $m \neq n$ , is called	(iii) null/zero matrix
(d) A matrix of any order, having all its elements are zero, is called a	(iv) Column Matrix

12. Given  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 5 & 0 & 4 \\ 2 & 3 & 2 \\ 1 & 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ ,  $B^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 & 3 \\ 1 & 4 & 3 \\ 1 & 3 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$ , compute  $(AB)^{-1}$  [3]

13. If A is a symmetric matrix and  $n \in \mathbb{N}$ , write whether  $A^n$  is symmetric or skew-symmetric or neither of these two. [2]

14. Write a square matrix that is both symmetric as well as skew-symmetric. [3]

15. If  $A = [a_{ij}]$  is a square matrix such that  $a_{ij} = i^2 - j^2$ , then write whether A is symmetric or skew-symmetric. [3]