

# Trig Class 11 NCERT

Topic tree of Trigonometry class 11 NCERT Maths

## Trigonometry Class 11 NCERT Maths Topic Tree

### 1. Trigonometric Functions

- Introduction to Trigonometric Functions
- Signs of Trigonometric Functions
- Domain and Range of Trigonometric Functions
- Trigonometric Functions of Sum and Difference of Two Angles

### 2. Trigonometric Equations

- General Solutions of Trigonometric Equations
- Principal Solutions of Trigonometric Equations

### 3. Inverse Trigonometric Functions

- Definition and Properties
- Principal Value Branches
- Graphs of Inverse Trigonometric Functions

### 4. Properties of Triangles

- Sine Rule
- Cosine Rule
- Area of a Triangle
- Projection Formulae

### 5. Trigonometric Ratios and Identities

- Trigonometric Ratios of Standard Angles
- Complementary Angles
- Trigonometric Identities

### 6. Graphs of Trigonometric Functions

- Graphs of Sine, Cosine, and Tangent Functions
- Transformations of Graphs

### 7. Solution of Triangles

- Solution of Right-Angled Triangles
- Solution of General Triangles

### 8. Heights and Distances

- Angle of Elevation
- Angle of Depression
- Simple Problems on Heights and Distances



## Complete Set of Trigonometry Formulas

### Trigonometric Ratios

1.  $\sin \theta = \frac{\text{Opposite}}{\text{Hypotenuse}}$
2.  $\cos \theta = \frac{\text{Adjacent}}{\text{Hypotenuse}}$
3.  $\tan \theta = \frac{\text{Opposite}}{\text{Adjacent}} = \frac{\sin \theta}{\cos \theta}$
4.  $\csc \theta = \frac{1}{\sin \theta}$
5.  $\sec \theta = \frac{1}{\cos \theta}$
6.  $\cot \theta = \frac{1}{\tan \theta} = \frac{\cos \theta}{\sin \theta}$

### Trigonometric Identities

1.  $\sin^2 \theta + \cos^2 \theta = 1$
2.  $1 + \tan^2 \theta = \sec^2 \theta$
3.  $1 + \cot^2 \theta = \csc^2 \theta$

### Sum and Difference Formulas

1.  $\sin(a \pm b) = \sin a \cos b \pm \cos a \sin b$
2.  $\cos(a \pm b) = \cos a \cos b \mp \sin a \sin b$
3.  $\tan(a \pm b) = \frac{\tan a \pm \tan b}{1 \mp \tan a \tan b}$

### Double Angle Formulas

1.  $\sin 2a = 2 \sin a \cos a$
2.  $\cos 2a = \cos^2 a - \sin^2 a = 2 \cos^2 a - 1 = 1 - 2 \sin^2 a$
3.  $\tan 2a = \frac{2 \tan a}{1 - \tan^2 a}$

### Half Angle Formulas

1.  $\sin \frac{a}{2} = \pm \sqrt{\frac{1 - \cos a}{2}}$
2.  $\cos \frac{a}{2} = \pm \sqrt{\frac{1 + \cos a}{2}}$
3.  $\tan \frac{a}{2} = \pm \sqrt{\frac{1 - \cos a}{1 + \cos a}} = \frac{\sin a}{1 + \cos a} = \frac{1 - \cos a}{\sin a}$

### Product to Sum Formulas

1.  $\sin a \sin b = \frac{1}{2} [\cos(a - b) - \cos(a + b)]$

$$2. \cos a \cos b = \frac{1}{2}[\cos(a + b) + \cos(a - b)]$$

$$3. \sin a \cos b = \frac{1}{2}[\sin(a + b) + \sin(a - b)]$$

### Sum to Product Formulas

$$1. \sin a + \sin b = 2 \sin \left( \frac{a+b}{2} \right) \cos \left( \frac{a-b}{2} \right)$$

$$2. \sin a - \sin b = 2 \cos \left( \frac{a+b}{2} \right) \sin \left( \frac{a-b}{2} \right)$$

$$3. \cos a + \cos b = 2 \cos \left( \frac{a+b}{2} \right) \cos \left( \frac{a-b}{2} \right)$$

$$4. \cos a - \cos b = -2 \sin \left( \frac{a+b}{2} \right) \sin \left( \frac{a-b}{2} \right)$$

### Inverse Trigonometric Functions

$$1. \sin^{-1} x + \cos^{-1} x = \frac{\pi}{2}$$

$$2. \tan^{-1} x + \cot^{-1} x = \frac{\pi}{2}$$

$$3. \sec^{-1} x + \csc^{-1} x = \frac{\pi}{2}$$

### Miscellaneous Formulas

$$1. \sin(\pi - a) = \sin a$$

$$2. \cos(\pi - a) = -\cos a$$

$$3. \tan(\pi - a) = -\tan a$$

$$4. \sin(2\pi - a) = -\sin a$$

$$5. \cos(2\pi - a) = \cos a$$

$$6. \tan(2\pi - a) = -\tan a$$